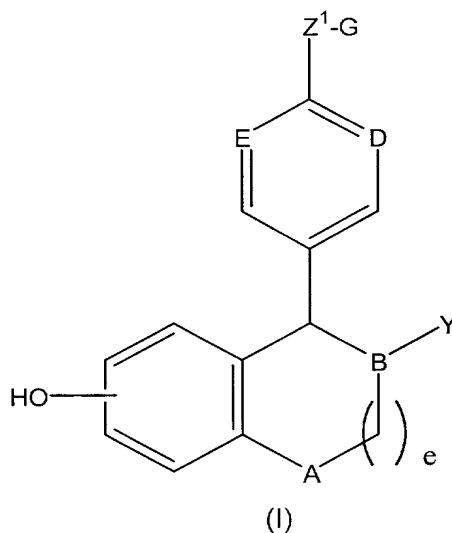


Claims

What is claimed is:

- 5 1. A method of treating cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma, the method comprising the step of administering to a patient having cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma a therapeutically effective amount of an estrogen agonist / antagonist that is a compound of formula (I):

10



wherein:

- A is selected from CH_2 and NR ;
- 15 B, D and E are independently selected from CH and N;
- Y is
- (a) phenyl, optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R^4 ;
- (b) naphthyl, optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents
- 20 independently selected from R^4 ;
- (c) C_3-C_8 cycloalkyl, optionally substituted with 1-2 substituents independently selected from R^4 ;
- (d) C_3-C_8 cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted with 1-2 substituents independently selected from R^4 ;

(e) a five membered heterocycle containing up to two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of -O-, -NR²- and -S(O)_n-, optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R⁴;

(f) a six membered heterocycle containing up to two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of -O-, -NR²- and -S(O)_n- optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R⁴; or

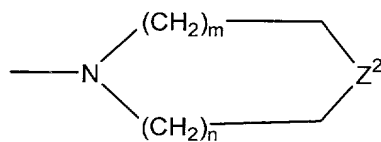
(g) a bicyclic ring system consisting of a five or six membered heterocyclic ring fused to a phenyl ring, said heterocyclic ring containing up to two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of -O-, -NR²- and -S(O)_n-, optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R⁴;

Z¹ is

- (a) -(CH₂)_p W(CH₂)_q-;
- (b) -O(CH₂)_p CR⁵R⁶-;
- (c) -O(CH₂)_pW(CH₂)_q-;
- (d) -OCHR²CHR³-; or
- (e) -SCHR²CHR³-;

G is

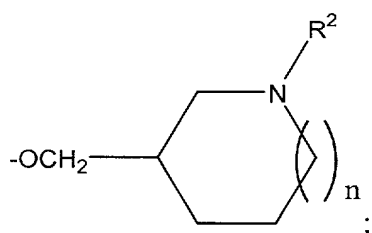
- (a) -NR⁷R⁸;



wherein n is 0, 1 or 2; m is 1, 2 or 3; Z² is -NH-, -O-, -S-, or -CH₂-; optionally fused on adjacent carbon atoms with one or two phenyl rings and, optionally independently substituted on carbon with one to three substituents and, optionally, independently on nitrogen with a chemically suitable substituent selected from R⁴; or

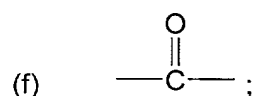
(c) a bicyclic amine containing five to twelve carbon atoms, either bridged or fused and optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R⁴; or

Z¹ and G in combination may be

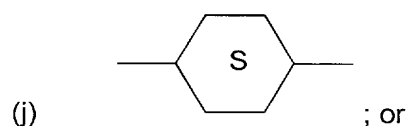


W is

- (a) $-\text{CH}_2-$;
- (b) $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$;
- (c) $-\text{O}-$;
- (d) $-\text{NR}^2-$;
- (e) $-\text{S}(\text{O})_n-$;



- (g) $-\text{CR}^2(\text{OH})-$;
- (h) $-\text{CONR}^2-$;
- (i) $-\text{NR}^2\text{CO}-$;



- (k) $-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-$;

R is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

R^2 and R^3 are independently

- (a) hydrogen; or
- (b) C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^4 is

- (a) hydrogen;
- (b) halogen;
- (c) C_1 - C_6 alkyl;
- (d) C_1 - C_4 alkoxy;
- (e) C_1 - C_4 acyloxy;
- (f) C_1 - C_4 alkylthio;
- (g) C_1 - C_4 alkylsulfinyl;
- (h) C_1 - C_4 alkylsulfonyl;
- (i) hydroxy (C_1 - C_4)alkyl;

- (j) aryl (C₁-C₄)alkyl;
 (k) -CO₂H;
 (l) -CN;
 (m) -CONHOR;
 5 (n) -SO₂NHR;
 (o) -NH₂;
 (p) C₁-C₄ alkylamino;
 (q) C₁-C₄ dialkylamino;
 (r) -NHSO₂R;
 10 (s) -NO₂;
 (t) -aryl; or
 (u) -OH;

R⁵ and R⁶ are independently C₁-C₈ alkyl or together form a C₃-C₁₀ carbocyclic ring;

15 R⁷ and R⁸ are independently

- (a) phenyl;
 (b) a C₃-C₁₀ carbocyclic ring, saturated or unsaturated;
 (c) a C₃-C₁₀ heterocyclic ring containing up to two heteroatoms,
 selected from -O-, -N- and -S-;

- 20 (d) H;
 (e) C₁-C₆ alkyl; or
 (f) form a 3 to 8 membered nitrogen containing ring with R⁵ or
 R⁶;

25 R⁷ and R⁸ in either linear or ring form may optionally be substituted with up to three substituents independently selected from C₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, alkoxy, hydroxy and carboxy;

a ring formed by R⁷ and R⁸ may be optionally fused to a phenyl ring;

e is 0, 1 or 2;

m is 1, 2 or 3;

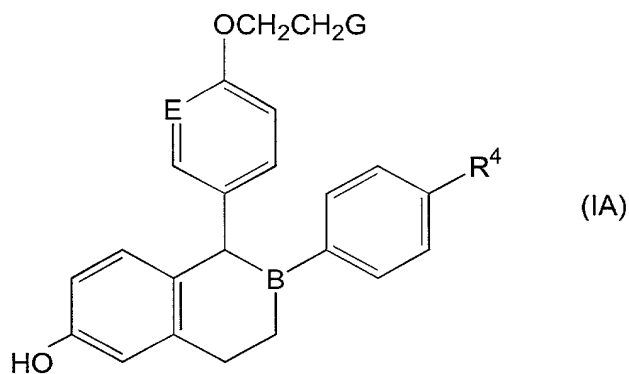
30 n is 0, 1 or 2;

p is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

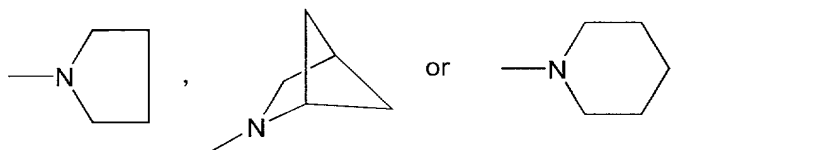
q is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof.

2. The method of claim 1 wherein the estrogen agonist / antagonist is a compound of formula (IA)



25 wherein G is



R^4 is H, OH, F, or Cl; and B and E are independently selected from CH and N or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt, or a prodrug thereof.

35 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the estrogen agonist / antagonist is (-)-cis-6-phenyl-5-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalene-2-ol or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt, or a prodrug thereof.

40 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the estrogen agonist / antagonist is (-)-cis-6-phenyl-5-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalene-2-ol, D-tartrate salt.

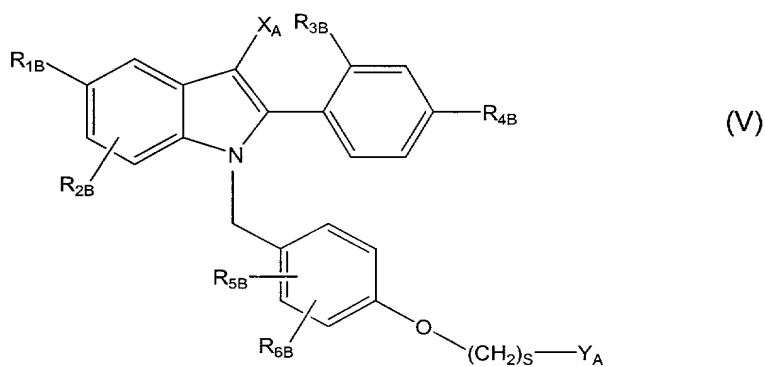
45 5. A method of treating cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma, the method comprising the step of administering to a patient having cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid

tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma a therapeutically effective amount of an estrogen agonist / antagonist compound selected from:

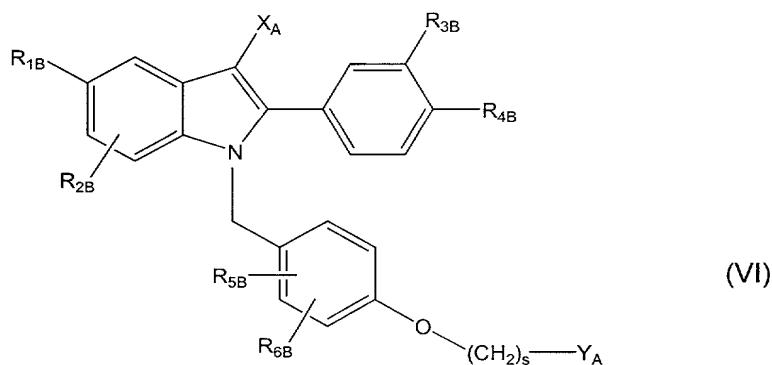
- A) 4-hydroxy tamoxifen, droloxifene, toremifene, centchroman, idoxifene, raloxifene, 6-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-5-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-benzyl]-naphthalen-2-ol, {4-[2-(2-aza-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-ethoxy]-phenyl}-[6-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl]-methanone, EM-652, EM-800, GW 5638, GW 7604, or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt, or prodrug thereof;

10

B) a compound of formula V or VI:



20



25

30

wherein:

R_{1B} is selected from H, OH, $-O-C(O)-C_1-C_{12}$ alkyl (straight chain or branched), $-O-C_1-C_{12}$ alkyl (straight chain or branched or cyclic), or halogens or C_1-C_4 halogenated ethers;

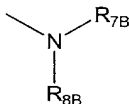
- 5 R_{2B} , R_{3B} , R_{4B} , R_{5B} , and R_{6B} are independently selected from H, OH, $-O-C(O)-C_1-C_{12}$ (straight chain or branched), $-O-C_1-C_{12}$ (straight chain or branched or cyclic), halogens, or C_1-C_4 halogenated ethers, cyano, C_1-C_6 alkyl (straight chain or branched), or trifluoromethyl;

- 10 X_A is selected from H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, and halogen;

s is 2 or 3;

Y_A is the moiety:

15



wherein:

- a) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are independently selected from the group of H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted by CN, C_1-C_6 alkyl (straight chain or branched), C_1-C_6 alkoxy (straight chain or branched), halogen, $-OH$, $-CF_3$, or $-OCF_3$; or
- 25 b) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are concatenated to form a five-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C_1-C_4 alkyl, trihalomethyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C_1-C_4 acyloxy, C_1-C_4 alkylthio, C_1-C_4 alkylsulfinyl, C_1-C_4 alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C_1-C_4)alkyl, $-CO_2H$, $-CN$, $-CONHR_{1B}$, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$, $-N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-NHSO_2R_{1B}$, $-NHCOR_{1B}$, $-NO_2$, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C_1-C_4)alkyl; or
- 30 c) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are concatenated to form a six-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C_1-C_4 alkyl, trihalomethyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C_1-C_4 acyloxy,

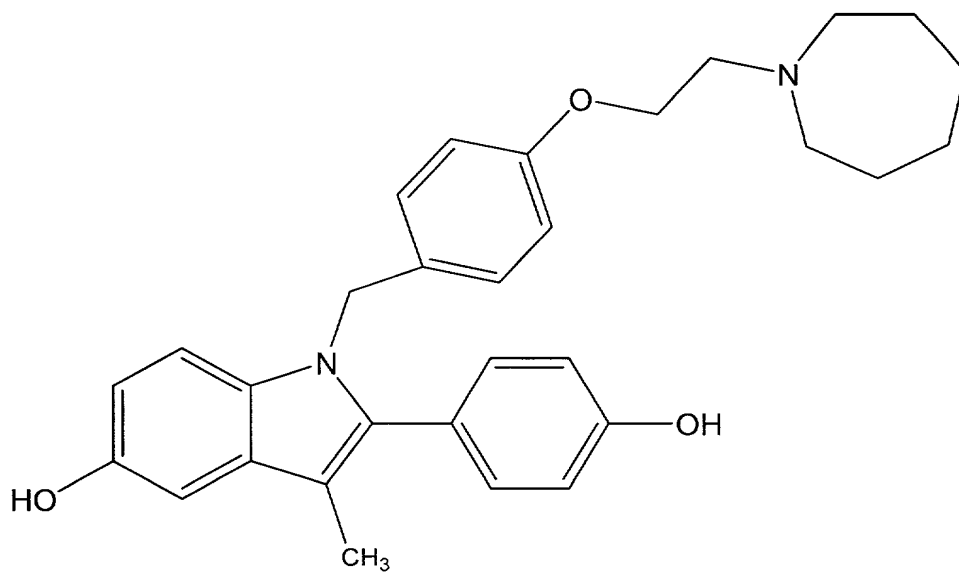
C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl, -CO₂H, -CN, -CONHR_{1B}, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂R_{1B}, -NHCOR_{1B}, -NO₂, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C₁-C₄)alkyl; or

- 5 d) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are concatenated to form a seven-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trihalomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C₁-C₄ acyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl, 10 -CO₂H, -CN, -CONHR_{1B}, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂ R_{1B}, -NHCOR_{1B}, -NO₂, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C₁-C₄)alkyl; or

- e) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are concatenated to form an eight-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 15 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trihalomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C₁-C₄ acyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl, -CO₂H, -CN, -CONHR_{1B}, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂R_{1B}, -NHCOR_{1B}, -NO₂, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C₁-C₄)alkyl; or

- 20 f) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are concatenated to form a saturated bicyclic heterocycle containing from 6-12 carbon atoms either bridged or fused and containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C₁-C₄ 25 alkyl, trihalomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C₁-C₄ acyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl, -CO₂ H, -CN, -CONHR_{1B}, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂R_{1B}, -NHCOR_{1B}, -NO₂, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C₁-C₄) alkyl; or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or 30 prodrug thereof;

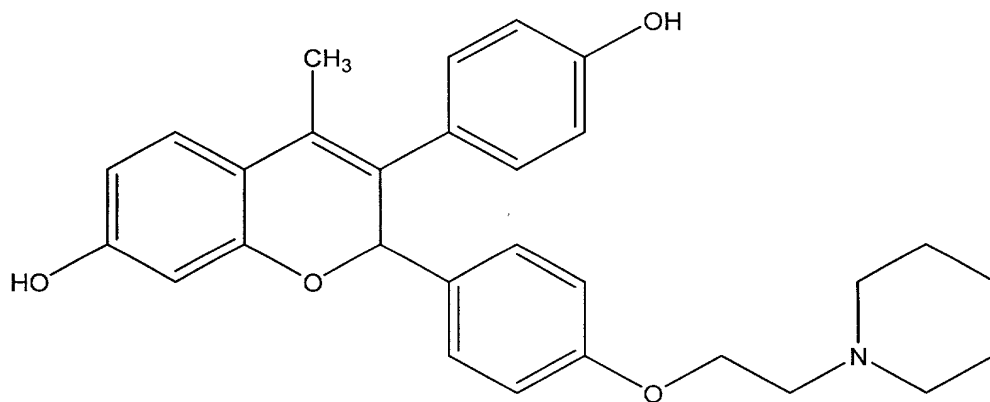
C) the compound of formula Va:



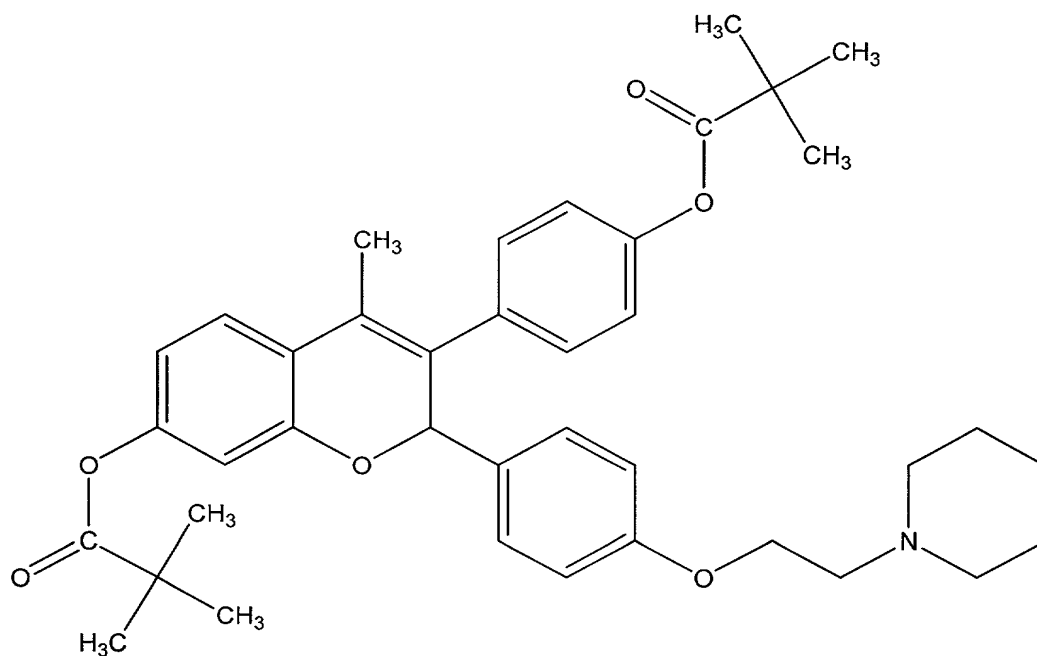
(Va)

- 5 or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof; or

D) the compound of formula III (EM-652) or formula IV (EM-800) below:



(III)

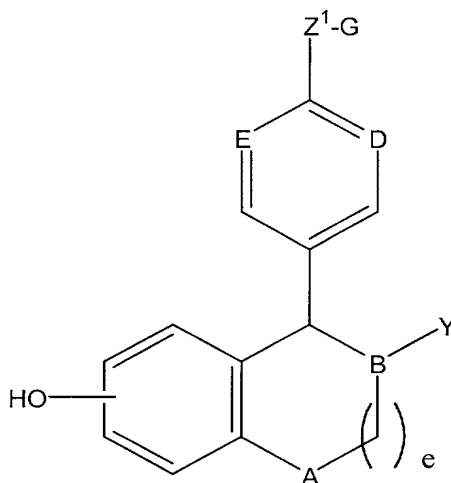


(IV)

5 or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof.

6. A kit for use by a consumer to treat cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma, the kit comprising:

10 (a) a pharmaceutical composition comprising an estrogen agonist / antagonist that is compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein:

5 A is selected from CH_2 and NR ;

B, D and E are independently selected from CH and N;

Y is

(a) phenyl, optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents
independently selected from R^4 ;

10 (b) naphthyl, optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents
independently selected from R^4 ;

(c) $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted with 1-2 substituents
independently selected from R^4 ;

(d) $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted with 1-2
15 substituents independently selected from R^4 ;

(e) a five membered heterocycle containing up to two
heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of -O-, $\text{-NR}^2\text{-}$ and $\text{-S(O)}_n\text{-}$, optionally
substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R^4 ;

(f) a six membered heterocycle containing up to two
20 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of -O-, $\text{-NR}^2\text{-}$ and $\text{-S(O)}_n\text{-}$ optionally
substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R^4 ; or

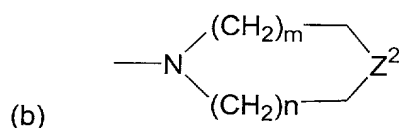
(g) a bicyclic ring system consisting of a five or six membered
heterocyclic ring fused to a phenyl ring, said heterocyclic ring containing up to two
heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of -O-, $\text{-NR}^2\text{-}$ and $\text{-S(O)}_n\text{-}$, optionally
25 substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from R^4 ;

Z^1 is

- (a) $\text{-(CH}_2)_p\text{W(CH}_2)_q\text{-}$;
(b) $\text{-O(CH}_2)_p\text{CR}^5\text{R}^6\text{-}$;
(c) $\text{-O(CH}_2)_p\text{W(CH}_2)_q\text{-}$;
30 (d) $\text{-OCHR}^2\text{CHR}^3\text{-}$; or
(e) $\text{-SCHR}^2\text{CHR}^3\text{-}$;

G is

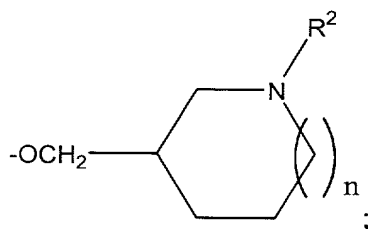
- (a) $\text{-NR}^7\text{R}^8$;



wherein n is 0, 1 or 2; m is 1, 2 or 3; Z² is -NH-, -O-, -S-, or -CH₂-;
optionally fused on adjacent carbon atoms with one or two phenyl rings and,
optionally independently substituted on carbon with one to three substituents and,
5 optionally, independently on nitrogen with a chemically suitable substituent selected
from R⁴; or

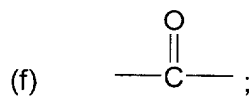
(c) a bicyclic amine containing five to twelve carbon atoms,
either bridged or fused and optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents
independently selected from R⁴; or

10 Z¹ and G in combination may be

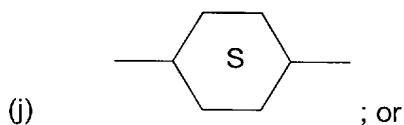


W is

- (a) -CH₂-;
(b) -CH=CH-;
(c) -O-;
(d) -NR²-;
(e) -S(O)_n-;



- (g) -CR²(OH)-;
(h) -CONR²-;
(i) -NR²CO-;



- (k) -C≡C-;

R is hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

R² and R³ are independently

\mathbb{R}^4 is

- 5 (a) hydrogen;
 (b) halogen;
 (c) C₁-C₆ alkyl;
 (d) C₁-C₄ alkoxy;
 (e) C₁-C₄ acyloxy;
 (f) C₁-C₄ alkylthio;
 10 (g) C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl;
 (h) C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl;
 (i) hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl;
 (j) aryl (C₁-C₄)alkyl;
 (k) -CO₂H;
 15 (l) -CN;
 (m) -CONHOR;
 (n) -SO₂NHR;
 (o) -NH₂;
 (p) C₁-C₄ alkylamino;
 20 (q) C₁-C₄ dialkylamino;
 (r) -NHSO₂R;
 (s) -NO₂;
 (t) -aryl; or
 (u) -OH;

25 R⁵ and R⁶ are independently C₁-C₈ alkyl or together form a C₃-C₁₀ carbocyclic ring;
 R⁷ and R⁸ are independently

(a) phenyl;
 (b) a C₃-C₁₀ carbocyclic ring, saturated or unsaturated;
 30 (c) a C₃-C₁₀ heterocyclic ring containing up to two heteroatoms, selected from -O-, -N- and -S-;
 (d) H;
 (e) C₁-C₆ alkyl; or

(f) form a 3 to 8 membered nitrogen containing ring with R^5 or R^6 ;

R^7 and R^8 in either linear or ring form may optionally be substituted with up to three substituents independently selected from C_1 - C_6 alkyl, halogen, alkoxy,

5 hydroxy and carboxy;

a ring formed by R^7 and R^8 may be optionally fused to a phenyl ring;

e is 0, 1 or 2;

m is 1, 2 or 3;

n is 0, 1 or 2;

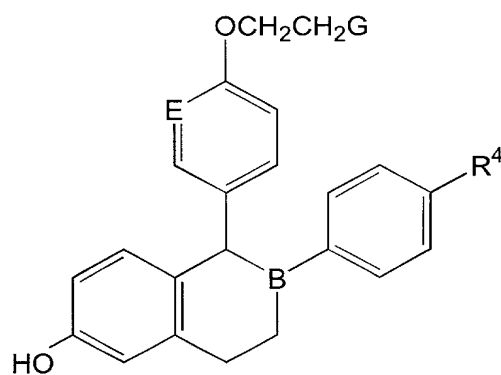
10 p is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

q is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof; and

15 (b) instructions describing a method of using the pharmaceutical composition to treat cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma.

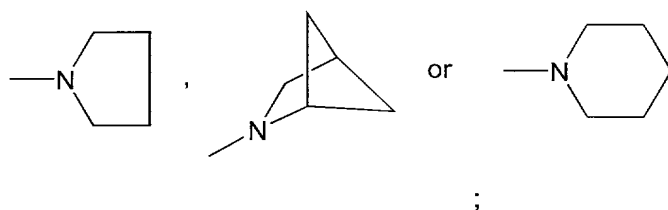
7. The kit of claim 6 wherein the estrogen agonist / antagonist is a compound of
20 formula (IA):



25

(IA)

wherein G is



R^4 is H, OH, F, or Cl; and B and E are independently selected from CH and N or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt, or a prodrug thereof.

8. The kit of claim 6 wherein the estrogen agonist / antagonist is (-)-cis-6-phenyl-5-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalene-2-ol or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt, or a prodrug thereof.

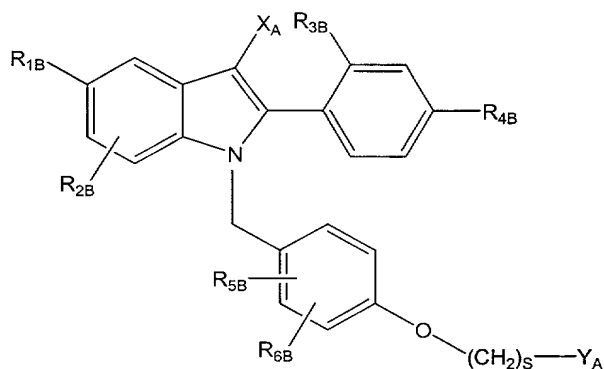
9. The kit of claim 6 wherein the estrogen agonist / antagonist is (-)-cis-6-phenyl-5-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalene-2-ol, D-tartrate salt.

10. A kit for use by a consumer to treat cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma, the kit comprising:

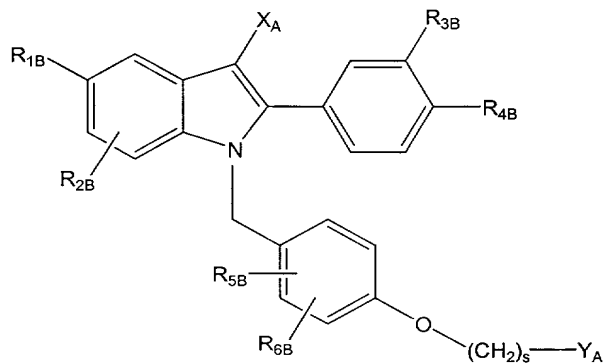
(a) a pharmaceutical composition comprising an estrogen agonist / antagonist compound selected from:

A) 4-hydroxy tamoxifen, droloxifene, toremifene, centchroman, idoxifene, raloxifene, 6-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-5-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-benzyl]-naphthalen-2-ol, {4-[2-(2-aza-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-ethoxy]-phenyl}-[6-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl]-methanone, EM-652, EM-800, GW 5638, GW 7604, or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt, or prodrug thereof;

B) a compound of formula V or VI:



(V)



(VI)

wherein:

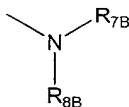
R_{1B} is selected from H, OH, $-O-C(O)-C_1-C_{12}$ alkyl (straight chain or branched), $-O-C_1-C_{12}$ alkyl (straight chain or branched or cyclic), or halogens or C_1-C_4 halogenated ethers;

R_{2B} , R_{3B} , R_{4B} , R_{5B} , and R_{6B} are independently selected from H, OH, $-O-C(O)-C_1-C_{12}$ (straight chain or branched), $-O-C_1-C_{12}$ (straight chain or branched or cyclic), halogens, or C_1-C_4 halogenated ethers, cyano, C_1-C_6 alkyl (straight chain or branched), or trifluoromethyl;

X_A is selected from H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, and halogen;

s is 2 or 3;

Y_A is the moiety:



wherein:

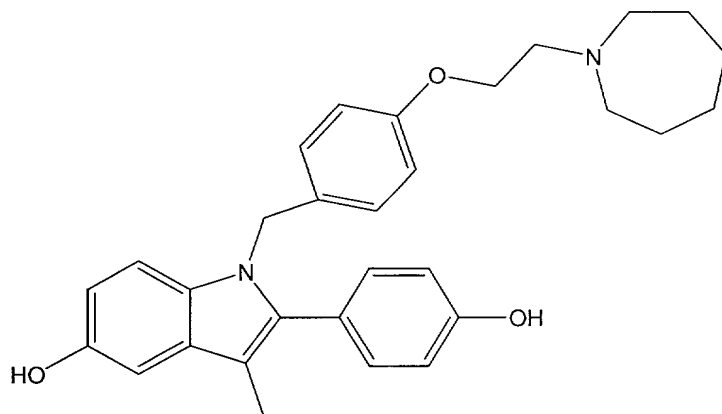
- 5 a) $\text{R}_{7\text{B}}$ and $\text{R}_{8\text{B}}$ are independently selected from the group of H, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted by CN, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl (straight chain or branched), $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkoxy (straight chain or branched), halogen, -OH, - CF_3 , or - OCF_3 ; or
- 10 b) $\text{R}_{7\text{B}}$ and $\text{R}_{8\text{B}}$ are concatenated to form a five-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, trihalomethyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ acyloxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylthio, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylsulfinyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$)alkyl, - CO_2H , -CN, - $\text{CONHR}_{1\text{B}}$, - NH_2 , - $\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$, - $\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$, - $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}_{1\text{B}}$, - $\text{NHCOR}_{1\text{B}}$,
15 - NO_2 , or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$)alkyl; or
- 20 c) $\text{R}_{7\text{B}}$ and $\text{R}_{8\text{B}}$ are concatenated to form a six-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, trihalomethyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ acyloxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylthio, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylsulfinyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$)alkyl, - CO_2H , -CN, - $\text{CONHR}_{1\text{B}}$, - NH_2 , - $\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$, - $\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$, - $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}_{1\text{B}}$, - $\text{NHCOR}_{1\text{B}}$,
25 - NO_2 , or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$)alkyl; or
- 30 d) $\text{R}_{7\text{B}}$ and $\text{R}_{8\text{B}}$ are concatenated to form a seven-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, trihalomethyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ acyloxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylthio, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylsulfinyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$)alkyl, - CO_2H , -CN, - $\text{CONHR}_{1\text{B}}$, - NH_2 , - $\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$, - $\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$, - $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}_{1\text{B}}$, - $\text{NHCOR}_{1\text{B}}$, - NO_2 , or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$)alkyl; or
- e) $\text{R}_{7\text{B}}$ and $\text{R}_{8\text{B}}$ are concatenated to form an eight-membered saturated heterocycle containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with

1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trihalomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C₁-C₄ acyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl, -CO₂H, -CN, -CONHR_{1B}, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂R_{1B},
 5 -NHCOR_{1B}, -NO₂, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C₁-C₄)alkyl; or

f) R_{7B} and R_{8B} are concatenated to form a saturated bicyclic heterocycle containing from 6-12 carbon atoms either bridged or fused and containing one nitrogen heteroatom, the heterocycle being optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents

10 independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C₁-C₄ alkyl, trihalomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, trihalomethoxy, C₁-C₄ acyloxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy (C₁-C₄)alkyl, -CO₂H, -CN, -CONHR_{1B}, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂R_{1B}, -NHCOR_{1B}, -NO₂, or phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 (C₁-C₄) alkyl; or an optical or geometric isomer
 15 thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof;

C) the compound of formula Va (TSE-424) below:

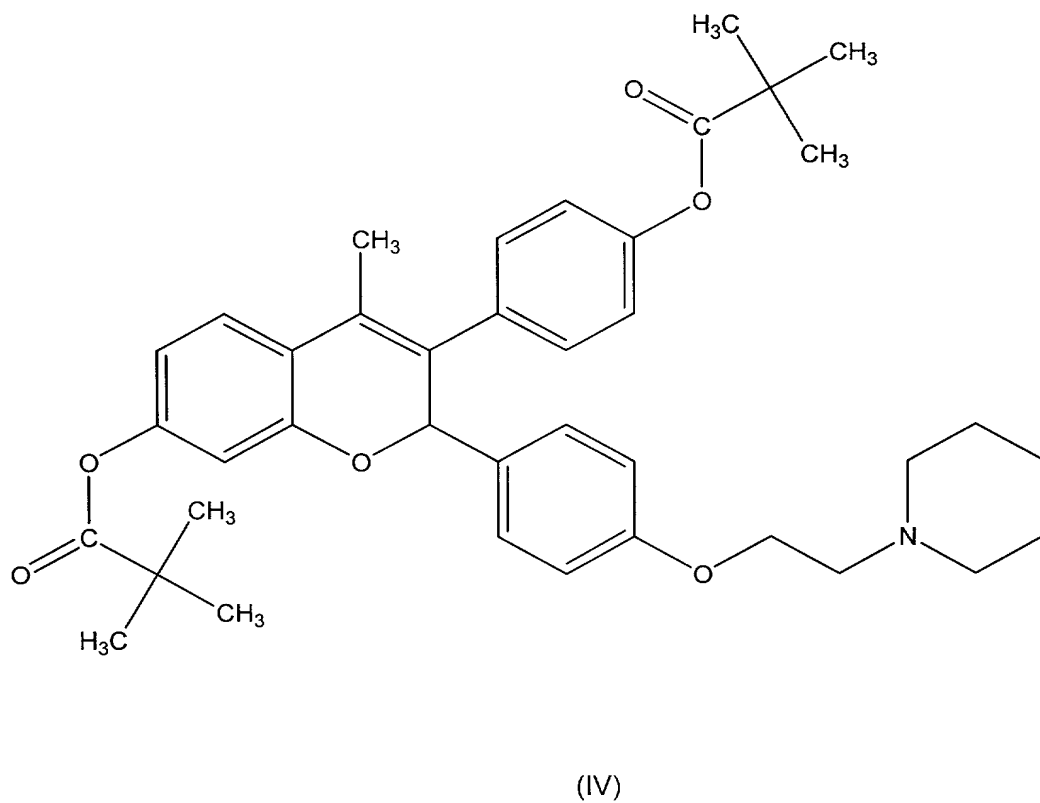
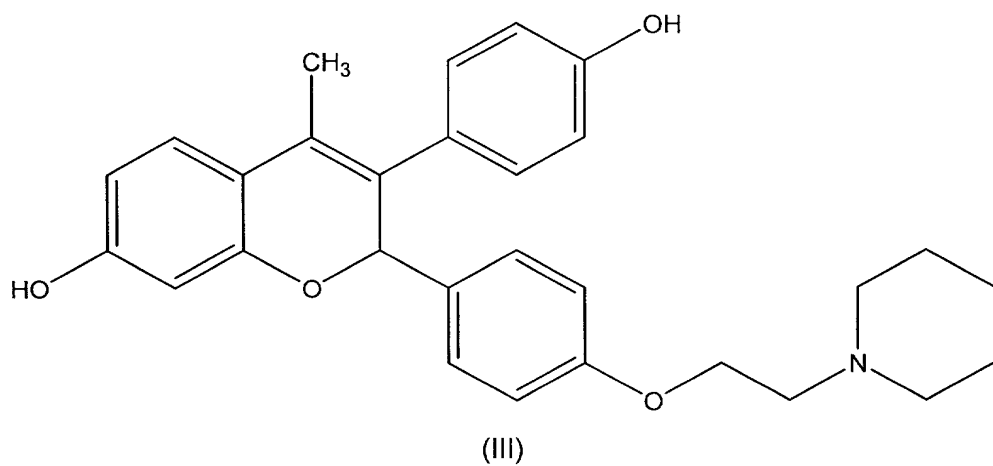


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(Va)

or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof; or

25 D) the compound of formula III (EM-652) or formula IV (EM-800) below:



5 or an optical or geometric isomer thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable
 10 salt, N-oxide, ester, quaternary ammonium salt or prodrug thereof; and

(b) instructions describing a method of using the pharmaceutical composition to treat cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma.

5

11. The kit of claim 6 wherein the kit further comprises an additional compound that is useful to treat cancer of the liver, ovarian cancer, a desmoid tumor, glioma, pancreatic cancer, or renal cell carcinoma.

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